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0:	The Grited I.C. BI ARD The Corver The Gr Lat	CONVARIS DIFFORMATION OF PECYING THE MATINESAL REPRINES SYNTES STRING THE HEALINGS OF THE EXPHONENCY ACT SO SEL AS AMERICADE. IN TOTAL PROBLEMS OF OTHER INVESTIGATION SI HE ARY EMERICA OF THE CORE 15 PROBLEMS OF PERSON IS PRO- L. EMPRODUCTION OF THE CORE 15 PROBLEMSTER.	VALUATED INFORMATION	
25X1	1.0	situation in the USSR, it is highly improbable that	in Balashikha (55-49N, Pt, single-seater fighters, rfield. These were in the open at least observed on these planes, lepot. Observations thous indicate that lider assemblies, packed coaded with unpacked in the USSR, for example Saratov, Kuibyshev, on in warehouses did not paper-wrapped connecting refer to conventional	25X1
	2.	should have been executed there. It is believed that only a relatively small number stored indoors since storage facilities available as No details are available concerning heating and ven these warehouses, which are mostly one-story brick	of aircraft is being uppear to be limited.	
	3.	observed for conventional aircraft. A crate is man at the manufacturing plant. This crate is lined wi insulating material known as tarred cardboard. Aft assembled, the jet planes are packed, not all of th Reports received on the Tbilisi aircraft plant cont on the shipping of Yak-15s: The disassembly team f of eight to ten men. Disassembling takes four to f about four hours. Aircraft weapons and radio sets	ufactured for each plane th an impregnated er being partly dis- em being test flown. eain the following data or each plane consists ive hours and packing	
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25X1	/) No	CLASSIFICATION COMMENT NO. R FEI D D Change in Class. Declassified ass. Changed To: TS S C th.: HAPTO-2ved For Release 2003/08/12: CIA-RDP82-00457	R008100100007-8	25X1

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	boxes which are shipped in the crates. It was not observed that the air- craft sent in this way were specially preserved, but the movable rods were fastened by wire or leather straps and the connecting points were greased and wrapped.	
4. 9	MIG-15 type planes are packed in a similar way. The unleading process and assembly of these aircraft have been repeatedly observed in the Soviet Zone of Germany. A team of twelve men was assigned to the assembly of one MIG-15 plane, including its removal from the crate. The assembly work was performed by means of mobile cranes which lifted the fuselages. The wings and tail assemblies were removed from the crates and then placed on wooden supports next to the fuselage. In order to give better access to the jet engines, their cowlings were removed. The fuel tanks of a plane assembled in such a way were filled in the late afternoon, an observation which indicates that the assembly of one MIG-15 plane by a twelve man craw took about one day. However, at least one more day must be added for the installation of the aircraft armament and the ratio set, including operational tests, the installation of the jet engine, and the required test flight. From observation of these activities it was inferred that extensive work for the removal of protective greases, etc., is not required and that the crates used for the shipping of aircraft are believed to provide adequate protection against rust and corrosion.	
5.	More details are known concerning the shipping of the RD-45 jet engine, the Soviet version of the Nene power plant. These engines are shipped in solid crates lined with insulating material. The aircraft were preservation period of two years. The date of preservation and a two-year preservation period were particularly stated on tags attached to RD-45 type engines stored at the Straubberg Air Force Depot. The jet engines and the stated date of preservation that the preserving is done at the manufacturing plant prior to the crating of the engines. Fiston engines are also delivered in a preserved state to the air force depots. L-11 ongines stored in Otrausberg carried the inscription "Ro-preserved"	25X1 25X1
	by application of %-58 type grease for the duration of six norths".	25X1 25X1
6.	parts such as landing flaps, allerons, etc., were delivered by the manufacturing plants to the supply depots with the remark "Preserved for a	
	period of six months".	25X1
7.	Particularly strict regulations are in force for the preservation of aircraft armament. the installation and maintenance of weapons that the first measure prescribed is the removal of protective greases and the subsequent application of oils or greases. Storage tags for weapons have not as yet been obtained.	25X1
8.	Preservative procedures are laid down by the construction departments of the manufacturing plants with detailed information on the protective agents to be applied and the rules to be followed after removal of the protective greases prior to reactivation of the aircraft. In this respect Soviet plants follow the general instructions issued by the TaAGI and VIAH Institutes in coordination with the Hinistry of the Aircraft Industry.	
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9. The pertinent information available presents the following over-all picture: Aircraft production plans are drawn up by the Air Armoment linistry in accordance with domains put forth by the Soviet Air Force. The High Command of the air force decides on the number of aircraft to be delivered to front line formations or reserve pools. The aircraft storage depots are essigned to the High Command, which thus is responsible for the storage and preservation of the equipment concerned. The Himstry of the Aircraft Industry is responsible only for the acceptance of the equipment according to orders given to that industry. It has organized for this purpose special acceptance commissions attached to individual plants. These commissions are also responsible for the appropriate packing and preservation of the shipped equipment, a responsibility noted on the control slips sent along with the spare parts concerned.

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